



TIISA 2020 Post Graduate Student Workshop Trade & Investment in Services

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"The political economy of PTA services-related governance: a network approach"





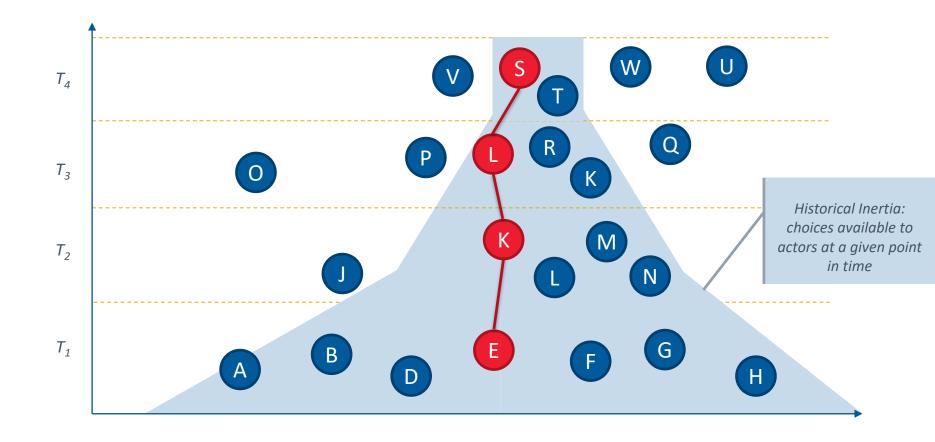
Quick summary

- International trading system increasingly characterized by instability
- What are the implications of instability for services policy?
- What can path dependence tell us about the prospects of system stabilization in order to minimize the chances of further reversals (protectionism + unilateralism)?
- New opportunities, thanks to instability, to rewire services provisions.
- Avoidance of suboptimal lock-in critical.

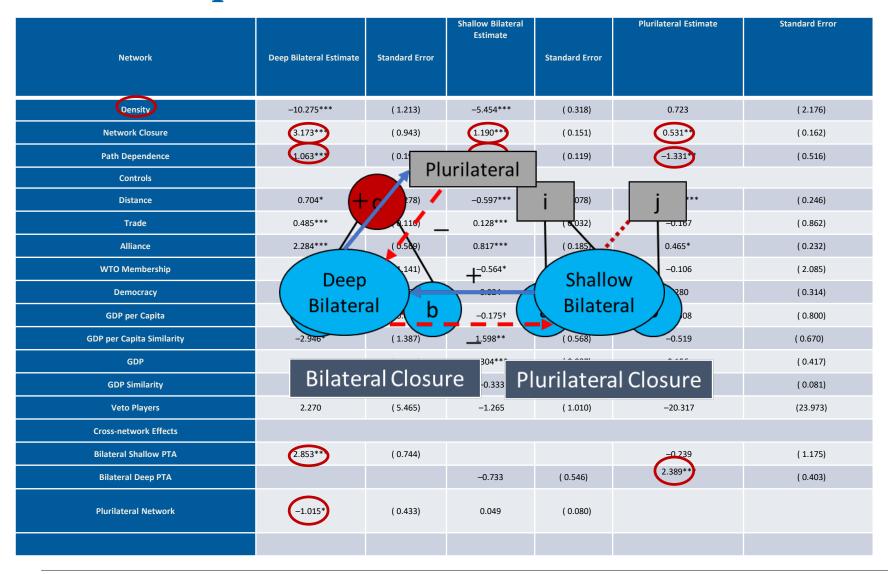
Current trade policy instability

- Multilateral level:
 - DDA?
 - DSU?
 - WTO reform?
- (Mega)regional level:
 - US withdrawal from TPP
 - TTIP?
 - India and RCEP?
 - Era of managed trade?
- Individual level:
 - Brexit
 - US-China trade war
 - COVID-19 responses

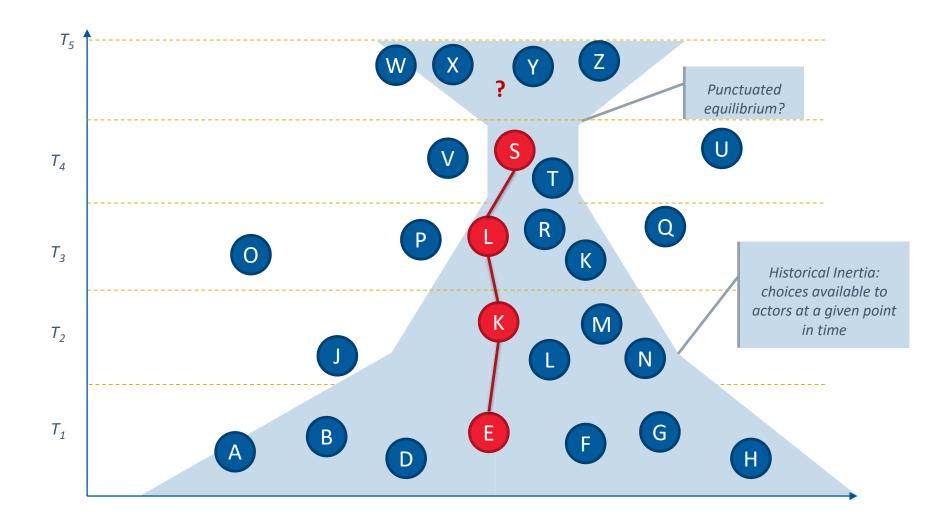
Path dependence in the PTA network



Path dependence continued



Implications: opening the envelope of choices



Implications continued

- Design decisions (including in services) of countries constrains and guides their future decision-making
- Stabilizing and course-correcting the overarching structure/orientation of services policy in light of changes in global production structures, technological change, and geo-economics is critical to prevent policy regression
- Opportunity for rewiring services provisions

Implications continued

• A key question going forward is whether trade rules are actually aligned with current political and economic realities (geo-economic competition, digital trade, GVCs etc) and what the ideal venue for their negotiation is (plurilats, bilats, the WTO etc)



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